

Re: electricity from a gym: quick calcs

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- *From:* mrdarrett@xxxxxxxxxx
 - *Date:* Thu, 13 Sep 2007 15:29:04 -0000
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On Sep 13, 7:41 am, ehsjr <eh...@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx> wrote:

mrdarr...@xxxxxxxxxx wrote:

I had a conversation with a co-worker about harnessing energy from folks dancing on a dance club, and from folks walking in a mall during the shopping season. I was skeptical, thinking the capital costs would outweigh any benefit, but decided to run the calcs just to be fair.

I was **sure** I'd posted similar calcs on sci.physics or sci.chem a few years ago, but can't find them. So, I re-derived them.

Let's say we have a gym with 100 pieces of equipment, with generators on each of them. And let's also say the gym is open 24 hours a day, fully packed at all times.

Let's say each person exercises at a rate of 100 W (pretty hard work), or 0.1 kW.

Let's say electricity costs \$0.10/kW per hour. (More in the bay area, less here in wintertime...)

So, each person generates \$0.10/kW/hr x 0.1 kW, or one cent per hour. (Much less than minimum wage, I might add.)

That's 24 cents/day/piece of equipment.

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$\$0.24/\text{day} \times 100 \text{ pieces of equipment} = \$24/\text{day}$, or $\$8,760/\text{year}$ in electricity back to the grid.

Now for the equipment costs. Let's say that each generator thingie costs \$100, including installation labor costs. $\$100 \times 100 \text{ pieces of equipment} = \$10,000$.

Breakeven time is just over a year.

Key assumptions:

– gym is fully packed at all times. Not gonna happen.

– each generator thingie, plus grid–intertie–converter, breaks down to \$100/piece of exercise equipment. That's awfully generous. Probably more like \$1,000/piece of equipment is closer to the mark...

– 100% credit from the electric company for electricity. Probably in Minnesota, but not here...

Any thoughts, folks?

Michael (I'm **not** an electrical engineer, by the way)

In a typical gym you wouldn't recover the energy needed to light the place, let alone sell power back to the grid.

Yep. 10 kW **maximum**, assuming 100 pieces of equipment. That already is a lot. **Can** one pack more than 100 pieces of exercise equipment into a gym?

24 Hour Fitness is downright empty at times... not always fully packed, as my optimistic calcs assumed. If only 10% occupied, 1kW...

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can that power the fluorescent lights...? It definitely won't keep the indoor pool heated...

Then it just boils down to the economics of reduced electricity purchases – never mind the grid inertia. Hmm... replace the inverter with a shelf of deep cycle batteries to store energy from the peak crowds, and just use that energy to heat the pool...???

M

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