

## Bake and bakery: IE BELGON basis

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- *From:* "Dusan Vukotic" <[dusan.vukotic@xxxxxxxxxx](mailto:dusan.vukotic@xxxxxxxxxx)>
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The English verb BAKE has its pair in Serbian word PE I (bake). Are these words cognates or not? If they are, how did their common "root" sound?

Let us see what the etymology books are saying about the "root" BHELGH- ((Pokorny bhelh- 125.) which is the closest one to the ur-basis BEL-GON:

DEFINITION: To swell. Extension of bhel-2. Oldest form \*bhelh-, becoming \*bhelgh- in centum languages. 1. O-grade form \*bholgh-. bellows, belly, from Old English bel(i)g, bælig, bag, bellows, from Germanic \*balgiz. 2. Zero-grade form \*bhgh-. billow, from Old Norse bylgja, a wave, from Germanic \*bulgjan. 3. Zero-grade form \*bhgh-. bolster, from Old English bolster, cushion, from Germanic \*bulgstraz. 4. O-grade form \*bholgh-. blagging, budget, bulge, from Latin bulga, leather sack, from Celtic \*bolg-.

Obviously, Gr. ἄσπερον (roast, fry), Old English \*bæcce, OHG. bahhan, O.Ice. baka., MHG. sich becheln ` Bask, get warm, lounge in the sun `; OHG. backan, NHG. backen and Serb. pe i (bake), according to the modern linguistic findings, do not belong to the "root" BHELGH-.

We shall try to prove that the BAKE also originated from the "root" BHELGH- or from the ancient ur-basis BELGON. If we observe carefully above explanation, we shall see that English BLISTER was not included in words that stemmed from the BHELGH- root. Pokorny put the word blister under the root bhleu-. The Latin word FOLLICULUM, FOLLICULI (sack or bag) is derived from BULGE (bag). In Serbian blister is PLIK (Gr. ἄσπερον, ἄσπερον<sup>±</sup> and this word sprung from the previous form which sounded similar to BLUKTANJE. In fact, in order to understand what has really happened here, we must go back to the primeval basis BEL-GON, which had been branched into four main directions:

Fire (Serb. PLANUTI, BUKNUTI /blaze up/, PLAMEN flame, PALJENJE),  
Water (Serb. OBLAK cloud, OBLINUTI splash, suffuses, PLINUTI, PLIMA tide),  
Light (Serb. BELO white, BELJENJE bleaching, BOJENJE painting, BLJESNUTI flash),  
Explosion (Serb. PUKNUTI burst, puncture, rift, PUCANJE shooting).  
Form (Serb. OBLIK)

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In the case of the word blister (Serb. PLIK) the logic is clear: BLISTER is an elevation (BULGE, Serb. BUD}A) of the skin that was irritated by fire (BLAZE, Serb. BUKNUTI; from BULKNUTI). After the BLAZING of the skin, the man feels burning (BAKING, Serb. BUKTANJE, PALJENJE) effect in the place where the burning occurred. So, after the BLAZING comes BULGING and, finally, the burned part of the skin will look like a BUG (Lat. BULGE).

BEL-GON => Serb. BU(l)KNUTI, PLANUTI, PE I (PLANUTI => PLAMEN, Eng. FLAME)

BEL-GON => Eng. BLAZING, BAKE

Serb. PLIK <=> Eng. BLISTER

BULGE => BAG

Serb. BU(l)D}AK (store, pantry, corner) => BUD}AK => D}AK (bag, sack); BUD}ENJE (inflating)

Serb. BISAGE (bag, sack) were derived from BE`ENJE/ VE`ANJE/ VISAK (gibbet, hanging, bob; also BEL-GON basis)

Cf. billowing, blowing <=> pillow, bolster <=> blister!

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