

Re: Prove axiom in S5

Source: <http://sci.tech-archive.net/Archive/sci.logic/2005-03/0080.html>

From: A.S. (pleaseposttong_at_nospamatall)

Date: 03/01/05

Date: Tue, 01 Mar 2005 18:04:22 +0100

On 28 Feb 2005 21:34:41 -0600,
-knowledge-@excite-dot-com.no-spam.invalid (muxol) wrote:

>> A.S.wrote:
>Does anybody know how to prove the following using Natural Deduction
>> in S5 (using [] for the box, and <> for the diamond)?
>>
>> ([]A -> A), (A -> []<>A), ([]A -> [][]A) [single
>turnstile, S5] (<>A
>> -> []<>A)<>A[/quote:6d1a1426b3]
>
>1. A -> []<>A (axiom)
>2. <>A -> []<><>A (sub instance of 1 with
><>A as the A)
>3. <><>A -> <>A (alternative axiom of []A ->
>[][]A -- see end note)
>4. <><>A -> []<><>A (2,3 by
>truth-functions)
>5. <>A -> []<>A (4 with the A as the <>A)
>

OK, I see what you mean. But haven't you just shown that <>A -> []<>A follows from two of the axioms, I mentioned, and not all three? Your proof shows that (A -> []<>A), ([]A -> [][]A) |- (<>A -> []<>A). But I also wanted ([]A -> A) to figure.

Or maybe I'm wrong?

>Note:
>
>1. []A ->[][]A
>2. ~[][]A -> ~[]A (1 by truth-functions (contrapositive))
>3. <>~[]A -> <>~A (2)
>4. <><>~A -> <>~A (3)
>5. <><>A -> <>A (4)
>
>QED.
>

sci.logic: Re: Prove axiom in S5

>

> *Posted Via Usenet.com Premium Usenet Newsgroup Services*

>

> *** SPEED ** RETENTION ** COMPLETION ** ANONYMITY ***

>

> <http://www.usenet.com>

//A.S.