



!g(s,t)

are equivalent. Since  $T = \{s \text{ in } S: s \text{ not in } f(s)\}$  one can then perform a simple substitution and get  $T = \{s \text{ in } S: !g(s,s)\}$ .

HTH

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#191, ewill3@xxxxxxxxxxxxxx

It's still legal to go .sigless.

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• **References:**

◆ **[ping GhostInTheMachine](#)**

◇ *From:* HERC777

◆ **[Re: ping GhostInTheMachine](#)**

◇ *From:* ken quirici

• Prev by Date: **[Re: The Consise Cantor Disproof](#)**

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