

Re: Why "harmonic"

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From: The World Wide Wade (waderameyxiii_at_comcast.remove13.net)

Date: 08/07/04

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In article <cf0vqf\$flg\$1@nntp.itservices.ubc.ca>, israel@math.ubc.ca (Robert Israel) wrote:

> In article <cf0kpk\$adf\$1@nntp.itservices.ubc.ca>,
> Robert Israel <israel@math.ubc.ca> wrote:
> > In article <cf0i6j\$ipn\$1@panix2.panix.com>,
> > Lee Rudolph <lrudolph@panix.com> wrote:
> >
> > > The World Wide Wade <waderameyxiii@comcast.remove13.net> writes:
> > >
> > > > Laplace's equation. They were given the name "spherical harmonics" by
> > > > William Thomson (Lord Kelvin) and Peter Tait in 1879.
> > >
> > > The Oxford English Dictionary gives the year of Thomson and Tait's
> > > coinage of "spherical harmonics" as 1867.
> > >
> > > That should be "spherical", of course
> > >
> > > The term "harmonic analysis" is also attributed to Thomson and Tait.
> > > T & T first came out in 1867 and went through a number of different
> > > editions, which may explain the discrepancy. Apparently there was
> > > a book by Ferres entitled "Spherical Harmonics" published in 1877,
> > > so the 1879 date would be too late.
> > >
> > > I didn't find T & T in our library, but I did find "Life and Scientific
> > > Work of Peter Guthrie Tait" by C.G. Knott, which makes it clear that
> > > the appendix on "Spherical Harmonic Analysis" was indeed in the
> > > first edition. He also quotes from a letter Maxwell wrote to Tait
> > > in December 1867: "I believe you call Laplace's Coeffts Spherical
> > > Harmonics."

Thanks Robert. In our book we write "The term 'spherical harmonic' was apparently first used in this context by William Thomson (Lord Kelvin) and Peter Tait (see [12], Appendix B)." The reference [12] is

William Thomson (Lord Kelvin) and Peter Guthrie Tait, Treatise on