

Re: Adjunction Spaces

Source: <http://sci.tech-archive.net/Archive/sci.math/2005-06/msg04543.html>

- *From:* "Justin Young" <x_static66@xxxxxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* Sat, 25 Jun 2005 23:07:40 GMT
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"Per Vognsen" <per.vognsen@xxxxxxxx> wrote in message
<news:1119737173.093819.275700@xx>
>
> Per Vognsen wrote:
>> Justin Young wrote:
>>> "Per Vognsen" <per.vognsen@xxxxxxxx> wrote in message
>>> <news:1119734311.268170.14220@xx>
>>>> Justin Young wrote:
>>>>> I am trying to prove that the restriction of q to Y is an embedding.
>>>>> The
>>>>> proof of this when A is closed is straightforward. I'm not
>>>>> completely
>>>>> sure
>>>>> it's true, but have been unable to find a counterexample.
>>>>>
>>>>> Clearly q is injective and continuous. The only issue is showing
>>>>> that it
>>>>> takes closed sets in Y to closed sets in $q(Y)$ (or open sets). I have
>>>>> not
>>>>> been able to show this. The main problem I'm having is that $q(Y)$ is
>>>>> a
>>>>> subspace of a quotient space.
>>>>>
>>>>> It is a general fact that quotient maps are open, i.e. they take open
>>>>> sets to open sets.
>>>>>
>>>> Maybe your definition of quotient maps differs from mine.
>>>> A map p is a quotient map if and only if $(p^{-1}(U))$ is open if and only
>>>> if U
>>>> is open.)
>>>>
>>>> Of course, I'm not sure what I was thinking. After further
>>>> consideration, I'm convinced that A indeed needs to be closed for the
>>>> proposition to hold in general. I mean, if A is open and f is such that
>>>> $f(A)$ is open in Y then won't $q(Y)$ be non-Hausdorff in general? If you
>>>> take Y to be Hausdorff, this should constitute a counterexample.
>>>>
>>>> Explicit counterexample along these lines: Take $X = (0,1)$, $Y = [0,1]$

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> and let f be the natural injection. Then the point corresponding to X
> in the quotient space cannot be separated from 0 or 1 by open sets.
>
> Per
>

the spaces X and Y are supposed to be disjoint, so it's easier to take
 $Y = [1,2]$.

Since you seem to define f on all of X , I assume that means that $A = X$.
But then A is closed in X , so the quotient map will be closed when
restricted
to Y .

• *References:*

- ◆ *Adjunction Spaces*
 - ◇ *From:* Justin Young
 - ◆ *Re: Adjunction Spaces*
 - ◇ *From:* Per Vognsen
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 - ◇ *From:* Justin Young
 - ◆ *Re: Adjunction Spaces*
 - ◇ *From:* Per Vognsen
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