

# Re: Special primes

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- *From:* quasi <[quasi@xxxxxxxx](mailto:quasi@xxxxxxxx)>
  - *Date:* Sun, 24 Jul 2005 15:56:54 -0700
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On Sun, 24 Jul 2005 15:02:34 EDT, bischar <[bisch\\_a\\_r@xxxxxxxx](mailto:bisch_a_r@xxxxxxxx)> wrote:

>For every prime numbers m and n, with n and m consecutive and  $n < m$ , we have  $m^2 - n^2$  ending with only 0, 2 or 8.

>

>The only digit ending two consecutive ' $m^2 - n^2$ ' is 0... and if you suppress the numbers ' $m^2 - n^2$ ' with 0 as last digit you see a suite ' $m^2 - n^2$ ' ending with 2, 8, 2, 8, 2, 8, 2, 8, never two 2 or 8 consecutively... (verified for  $5 < m < 10000$ ).

>

>Funny no ?

>

>Do you see a logic or a reason for that ?

>

>Can you verify it automatically for greater primes ?

A fascinating pattern.

The pattern is true for  $5 < n < 10^6$ .

There may be an easy explanation but I don't see it.

quasi

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• *Follow-Ups:*

- ◆ **[Re: Special primes](#)**  
◇ *From:* quasi
- ◆ **[Re: Special primes](#)**  
◇ *From:* David Hartley
- ◆ **[Re: Special primes](#)**  
◇ *From:* bischar

• *References:*

- ◆ **[Special primes](#)**  
◇ *From:* bischar
- ◆ **[Re: Special primes](#)**  
◇ *From:* bischar

Re: Special primes

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