

Re: help with diophantine equation

Source: <http://sci.tech-archive.net/Archive/sci.math/2005-08/msg04444.html>

- *From:* Bill Dubuque <wgd@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* 23 Aug 2005 19:27:54 -0400
-

john_ramsden@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx wrote:

>mechmech wrote:

>>

>> I have this equation: $3*n*n = 3*k*k + 73*k + 14$

>>

>> I am interested in the most efficient way to get the solution

>> (which is $n=32$ and $k=22$) besides the trial and error method

>

> It's a difference of squares, i.e. after multiplying every term

> by 12 it can be rearranged as:

>

> $(6k + 73)^2 - (6n)^2 = 5161$

>

> $(6(k-n) + 73) (6(k+n) + 73) = 5161$

>

> So the most efficient method of solution is to list every

> way in which 5161 can be expressed as the product of two

> factors (including both negative!):

>

> +- 1, +- 5161

> +- 13, +- 397

> +- 397, +- 13

> +- 5161, +- 1

>

> and equate linear factors to each pair and

> see if the result gives integers k and n.

One need not blindly test all those possibilities.

First, note each factor has form $6m+73 = 1 \pmod{3}$.

This excludes factorizations into negative factors, since they are all $= -1 \pmod{3}$.

Second, using the symmetry $n \rightarrow -n$ we may assume

n is positive and hence that $6(k+n) + 73$ is the

largest factor b in $5161 = a b$. By elimination

$$n = (b-a)/12, k = n + (a-73)/6$$

Re: help with diophantine equation

This leaves only a,b = 13,397; 1,5161

with solutions n,k = 32, 22; 430,418

--Bill Dubuque
.

• **References:**

- ◆ **help with diophantine equation**
 - ◇ From: mechmech
- ◆ **Re: help with diophantine equation**
 - ◇ From: john_ramsden

- Prev by Date: **Re: Number of unique Sudoku grids ?**
- Next by Date: **Re: Euler's formula for polyhedra**
- Previous by thread: **Re: help with diophantine equation**
- Next by thread: **POLL is Herc smart?**
- Index(es):
 - ◆ **Date**
 - ◆ **Thread**