

# Re: Ultimate debunking of Cantor's Theory

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- *From:* Calvin <[crice5@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx](mailto:crice5@xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx)>
  - *Date:* Fri, 13 Jul 2007 08:20:35 -0700
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On Jul 13, 10:48 am, "Peter Webb" wrote:

I said this last time, I will say it again now.  
He is not arguing that you can construct a list  
of all Reals in base 2.

I was being sloppy in my desperation, when I suggested  
earlier that he was arguing that.

He was correcting somebody who said the Cantor  
diagonal proof was easy in base 2,

That would be me.

which it isn't, which is interesting because base 2  
is the only base where the Cantor construction can't  
be used (in its simplest form).

Yes, that is interesting, and I'm not doubting you.  
What I'm still doubting is the original poster's  
contrived list.

The problem is that if you just flip bits, you could  
end up with a number which is already on the list,

Fine, and I would like to see a demonstration of that,  
not that I doubt it in principle.

because (in the example given) the procedure  
creates 0.100.. when 0.0111.. is already on the list.

## Re: Ultimate debunking of Cantor's Theory

That's where you lose me. Yes,  $0.100\dots$  is the same as  $0.0111\dots$  which is already on the \*contrived\* list.

Now, you only need to show one example where the Cantor construction fails to produce a number not on the list, and you can no longer claim that the number produced by the Cantor construction is always a number not on the list. So it is possible it is already on the list.

Yes, I understand that, but I still want to understand that any such example is valid.

Its easy to get around this problem that (for example)  $0.5 = 0.4999\dots$  in other base other than base 2, and if you have a look at the Cantor construction the problem doesn't exist in base 10 or any other base (except 2).

The standard workaround in base 2 is to consider pairs of digits, which is equivalent to using base 4. Not that this is needed; if the Reals aren't equinumerous with the integers in base 10, then they aren't in any base.

I have no problem believing any of that, and again I clearly understand that  $0.0111\dots$  is the same as  $0.111\dots$

I wont ask you to repeat anything yet again. I'll just meditate on what looks to me like an obviously bogus example given by the original poster, which you defend.

I don't know whether the original poster is an idiot or not, but you obviously are not, and you defend his example, so I must be missing something. Let me just think about it for a while, and if the light ever dawns I will say so.

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