

Re: "Hot" tooth – Myths or Reality?

Source: <http://sci.tech–archive.net/Archive/sci.med.dentistry/2005–08/msg00098.html>

- *From:* "letsconnect" <letsconnect@xxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* 2 Aug 2005 09:29:11 –0700
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Not too sure about the "as most junior high school students know" bit, but this is the best explanation I've come across so far – thanks!

NOYB wrote:

- > "Dr Steve" <nospam@xxxxxxxxx> wrote in message
- > [news:BKJHe.230\\$646.52@xx](mailto:news:BKJHe.230$646.52@xx)
- >> Are you sure?
- >
- > Yes...sort of. Local anesthetics have pH's of approximately 7.9...making
- > them a weak base. But hydrogen ions are added to make them acidic:
- >
- > " Local anesthetics are weak bases with pKa in the range of 7.9. This of
- > course means that at a pH of 7.9 a population of local anesthetic molecules
- > is equally divided between a charged and uncharged state. In order to keep
- > the local anesthetic molecules in solution, hydrogen ions are added (that
- > is, the solution is made acidic) or said another way, the pH of the solution
- > is lowered. If the local anesthetic solution is made with epinephrine, the
- > pH is made even lower.
- >
- > Lets turn our discussion now to a consideration of nerves. As most junior
- > high school students know, nerve membranes are a lipid bilayer with protein
- > channels. Local anesthetics act in the sodium channel, entering from the
- > internal aspect. Now you may have noticed a bit of a problem. Positively
- > charged local anesthetic molecules soluble in an aqueous solution will have
- > trouble passing through a lipid membrane. This problem is overcome when the
- > tissue surrounding the nerve accepts (or buffers) the hydrogen ion and the
- > uncharged molecules are then free to pass through the axonal membrane. Once
- > in the cell, the molecules must be recharged before they can effect a block
- > of the sodium channel.
- >
- > OK, so what? What difference does this make clinically? Local anesthetics
- > will not work in tissue that is unable to buffer the excess hydrogen ions.
- > This is why local anesthetics injected into the acidic environment of an
- > abscess will not cause numbness. Occasionally anesthesiologists will add
- > NaHCO₃ to local anesthetic to speed the onset of the drug effect. This
- > additive is not a powerful enough base to overcome the acidity in abscessed
- > tissue, however. "
- >

> <http://www.anesthesia.wisc.edu/med3/localanes/localhandout.html>

• **References:**

- ◆ **"Hot" tooth – Myths or Reality?**
◇ From: letsconnect
 - ◆ **Re: "Hot" tooth – Myths or Reality?**
◇ From: Stormin Mormon
 - ◆ **Re: "Hot" tooth – Myths or Reality?**
◇ From: Dr Steve
 - ◆ **Re: "Hot" tooth – Myths or Reality?**
◇ From: NOYB
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